# SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GENERAL SALES EMPLOYERS AND UNITED FOOD AND COMMERCIAL WORKERS UNIONS PENSION FUND

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April 25, 2025

#### ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE

for the

# SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GENERAL SALES EMPLOYERS AND UNITED FOOD AND COMMERCIAL WORKERS UNIONS PENSION FUND

#### Introduction

This notice includes important information about the funding status of your multiemployer pension plan (the "Plan"). It also includes general information about the benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"), a federal insurance agency. All traditional pension plans (called "defined benefit pension plans") must provide this notice every year regardless of their funding status. This notice does not mean that the Plan is terminating. It is provided for informational purposes and you are not required to respond in any way. This notice is required by federal law. This notice is for the Plan Year beginning January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, 2024 ("Plan Year").

Your pension plan, the Southern California General Sales Employers and United Food and Commercial Workers Unions Pension Fund, is not insolvent, and payments are not being made by the PBGC.

## How Well Funded Is Your Plan

The law requires the administrator of the Plan to tell you how well the Plan is funded, using a measure called the "funded percentage." The Plan divides its assets by its liabilities on the Valuation Date for the Plan Year to get this percentage. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan's funded percentage for the Plan Year and each of the two preceding Plan Years is shown in the chart below. The chart also states the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for the same period.

|                      | 2024 Plan Year  | 2023 Plan Year  | 2022 Plan Year  |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Valuation Date       | January 1, 2024 | January 1, 2023 | January 1, 2022 |
| Funded percentage    | 116.0%          | 116.6%          | 119.8%          |
| Value of Assets      | \$96,803,996    | \$100,586,653   | \$106,873,549   |
| Value of Liabilities | \$83,393,919    | \$86,292,609    | \$89,196,546    |

## Year-End Fair Market Value of Assets

The asset values in the chart above are measured as of the Valuation Date. They also are "actuarial values." Actuarial values differ from market values in that they do not fluctuate daily based on changes in the stock or other markets. Actuarial values smooth out those fluctuations and can allow for more predictable levels of future contributions. Despite the fluctuations, market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan's funded status at a given point in time. The asset values in the chart below are market values and are measured on the last day of the Plan Year. The chart also includes the year-end market value of the Plan's assets for each of the two preceding Plan Years.

|                                   | December 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Fair Market<br>Value of<br>Assets | \$84,255,715      | \$88,205,987      | \$88,589,425      |

## Endangered, Critical, or Critical and Declining Status

Under federal pension law, a plan generally is in "endangered" status if its funded percentage is less than 80 percent. A plan is in "critical" status if the funded percentage is less than 65 percent (other factors may also apply). A plan is in "critical and declining" status if it is in critical status and is projected to become insolvent (run out of money to pay benefits) within 15 years (or within 20 years if a special rule applies). If a pension plan enters endangered status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a funding improvement plan. Similarly, if a pension plan enters critical status or critical and declining status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a rehabilitation plan. Funding improvement and rehabilitation plans establish steps and benchmarks for pension plans to improve their funding status over a specified period of time. The plan sponsor of a plan in critical and declining status may apply for approval to amend the plan to reduce current and future payment obligations to participants and beneficiaries.

The Plan was not in endangered, critical, or critical and declining status in the 2024 Plan Year.

# **Participant Information**

The total number of Participants and Beneficiaries covered by the Plan on the last day of the Plan Years and the last day of the two preceding Plan Years is shown in the chart below, along with the number of Participants who were current employees, retired and receiving benefits, and retired or no longer working and have a right to future benefits.

|                            | 2024 Plan<br>Year | 2023 Plan<br>Year | 2022 Plan<br>Year |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Current employees       | 122               | 135               | 143               |
| 2. Employees retired       |                   |                   |                   |
| and receiving benefits     | 1,360             | 1,392             | 1,400             |
| 3. Former employees with   |                   |                   |                   |
| a right to future benefits | 691               | 720               | 740               |
| 4. Total (1+2+3)           | 2,173             | 2,247             | 2,283             |

#### Average Return on Plan Assets for the 2024 Plan Year

The average return on Plan Assets during the Plan Year was estimated to be 3.8%.

# **Funding & Investment Policies**

Every pension plan must have a procedure to establish a funding policy for plan objectives. A funding policy relates to how much money is needed to pay promised benefits. This Plan is funded by contributions made by employers pursuant to the terms of collective bargaining agreements with the unions that represent the participants in the Plan. Additional funding is anticipated from the investment of Plan assets. The Plan may also be funded by payments of withdrawal liability from employers if there are partial or complete withdrawals from the Plan.

Pension plans also have investment policies. These generally are written guidelines or general instructions for making investment management decisions. The primary emphasis of the investment policy for this Plan is placed on preserving capital during the declining phase of a market cycle, rather than maximizing performance during the rising phase. The assets are invested with the goal of attaining a reasonable return above the rate of inflation over the long term. Assets are diversified over a variety of professional investment managers with different investment strategies and types of investments with the ultimate goal of maximizing return while minimizing volatility. Asset allocation and performance results are reviewed on a regular, periodic basis by the Plan's trustees and their professional investment consultant.

Re: Annual Funding Notice

Under the Plan's investment policy, the Plan's assets were allocated among the following categories of investments, as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

| Asset Allocations  | Percentage |
|--|------------|
| Cash (Interest-bearing or non-interest bearing)                              | 1.1%       |
| 2. US Government Securities  | 0.9%       |
| 3. Corporate Debt Instruments (other than employer securities)               |            |
| Preferred  | 29.2%      |
| All others   | 28.5%      |
| 4. Value of interest in registered investment companies (e.g., mutual funds) | 39.3%      |
| 5. Other   | 1.0%       |

For information about the Plan's investment in any of the following types of investments-common/collective trusts, pooled separate accounts, or 103-12 investment entities - contact the Trust Fund Administrator at P.O. Box 27920, Los Angeles, CA 90027-0920, (323) 666-8910.

# Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

Pension plans must file annual reports with the US Department of Labor. The report is called the "Form 5500." These reports contain financial and other information. You may obtain an electronic copy of your Plan's annual report by going to <a href="www.efast.dol.gov">www.efast.dol.gov</a> and using the search tool. Annual reports also are available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration's Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1513, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling (202) 693-8673. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan's annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator. Annual reports do not contain personal information, such as the amount of your accrued benefit. You may contact your plan administrator if you want information about your accrued benefits. Your plan administrator is identified below under "Where to Get More Information." Please note that the Plan's annual report for the 2024 Plan Year will not be available until November 2025.

## Summary of Rules Governing Insolvent Plans

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans that become insolvent, either as ongoing plans or plans terminated by mass withdrawal. The plan administrator is required by law to include a summary of these rules in the annual funding notice. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for that plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan's available resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at the level specified by law (see "Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC," below), the plan must apply to the PBGC for financial assistance. The PBGC will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan's financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notice of its status to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and the PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected, including loss of a lump sum option.

# Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Only vested benefits are guaranteed. Specifically, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee, therefore, is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

Example 1: If a participant with 10 years of credited service has an accrued monthly benefit of \$500, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the PBGC guarantee would be determined by dividing the monthly benefit by the participant's years of service (\$500/10), which equals \$50. The guaranteed amount for a \$50 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$24.75 (.75 x \$33), or \$35.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is \$357.50 (\$35.75 x 10).

Example 2: If the participant in Example 1 has an accrued monthly benefit of \$200, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the guarantee would be \$20 (or \$200/10). The guaranteed amount for a \$20 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$6.75 (.75 x \$9), or \$17.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit would be \$177.50 (\$17.75 x 10).

The PBGC guarantees pension benefits payable at normal retirement age and some early retirement benefits. In calculating a person's monthly payment, the PBGC will disregard any benefit increases that were made under the plan within 60 months before the earlier of the plan's termination or insolvency (or benefits that were in effect for less than 60 months at the time of termination or insolvency). Similarly, the PBGC does not guarantee pre-retirement death benefits to a spouse or beneficiary (e.g., a qualified pre-retirement survivor annuity) if the participant dies after the plan terminates, benefits above the normal retirement benefit, disability benefits not in pay status, or non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

For additional information about the PBGC and the pension insurance program guarantees, go to the Multiemployer Page on the PBGC's website at <a href="https://www.pbgc.gov/prac/multiemployer">https://www.pbgc.gov/prac/multiemployer</a>. Please contact your employer or plan administrator for specific information about your pension plan or pension benefit. The PBGC does not have that information. See "Where to Get More Information" below.

#### Where to Get More Information

For more information about this notice, you may contact the Trust Fund Administrator at P.O. Box 27920, Los Angeles, CA 90027-0920, (323) 666-8910. For identification purposes, the official Plan number is 001 and the Plan sponsor's employer identification number or "EIN" is 51-6029991. For more information about the PBGC and benefit guarantees, go to the PBGC's website, <a href="www.pbgc.gov">www.pbgc.gov</a>, or call the PBGC toll-free at 1-800-400-7242 (TTY/TDD users may call the Federal relay service toll free at 1-800-877-8339 and ask to be connected to 1-800-400-7242).